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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/094,921	06/15/1998	HORST LINDHOFER	80309	9008
7	590 12/30/2004		EXAM	INER
M HENRY HEINES			HOLLERAN, ANNE L	
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
8TH FLOOR SAN FRANCISCO, CA 941113834			1642	
			DATE MAILED: 12/30/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/094,921	LINDHOFER ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Anne Holleran	1642			
The MAIL Period for Reply	ING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
THE MAILING D - Extensions of time m after SIX (6) MONTH - If the period for reply If NO period for reply Failure to reply within Any reply received b	STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. hay be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 fs from the mailing date of this communication is specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply it is specified above, the maximum statutory period in the set or extended period for reply will, by statute y the Office later than three months after the mailing dijustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠ Responsiv	e to communication(s) filed on 30 A	ugust 2004.				
2a)☐ This action	n is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Clair	ns					
4a) Of the a 5)	-8,13-21,23,26 and 31-35 is/are pen- above claim(s) is/are withdraw is/are allowed. -8,13-21,23,26 and 31-35 is/are rejected to. are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers						
9) The specific	cation is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.	S.C. § 119					
a) All b) Cert 2. Cert 3. Cop	gment is made of a claim for foreign Some * c) None of: ified copies of the priority documents ified copies of the priority documents ies of the certified copies of the prior ication from the International Bureau ched detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receiv (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of Reference		4) Interview Summary				
	son's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) ate	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The amendment filed on August 30, 2004 is acknowledged. Claims 31-35 are added.
- 2. Claims 1-8, 13-21, 23, 26 and 31-35 are pending and examined on the merits.
- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections Withdrawn:

- 4. The rejection of claims 23 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention is withdrawn in view of the amendment.
- 5. The rejection of claims 23 and 26 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hanna, Jr. (U.S. Patent 5,484,596; issued Jan. 16, 1996) is withdrawn in view of the amendment to claims 23 and 26.
- 6. The rejection of claims 23 and 26 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,551,592 in view of Volker (U.S.Patent 5,911,987) is withdrawn because the inventions of claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,551,592 are limited to methods consisting of administering to the subject intact

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heterologous bispecific antibodies. Therefore, the methods of claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,551,592 are outside the scope of the methods of claims 23 and 26 of the instant application.

Rejections Maintained:

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1-8, 13-21, 23 and 26 are directed to an invention not patentably distinct from claims 1, 7, 10, 19, 22 and 23 of commonly assigned U.S. Application 10/378,218. Specifically, the methods of claims 1, 7, 10, 19, 22 and 23 encompass the claimed methods and make obvious the pharmaceutical composition of claim 26.

Claims 1-8, 13-21, 23 and 26 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 7, 10, 19, 22 and 23 of copending Application No. 10/378,218. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed inventions of copending application No. 10/378,218 encompass the claimed methods and pharmaceutical compositions of claims 1-8, 13-21, 23 and 26 of the instant application. While the claims of

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10/378,218 are broader in scope than claims 1-8, 13-21, 23 and 26 of the instant application, the specification of 10/378,218 teaches heterologous bispecific antibodies of the same scope as recited in claims 1-8, 13-21, 23 and 26 as a preferred embodiment.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Applicants' remarks concerning the withdrawal of this rejection if the provisional doublepatenting rejection is the only remaining rejection in the application are noted.

New Grounds of Rejection:

8. Claims 14, 23, and 31-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 14 is indefinite because the phrase "said intact heterologous bispecific antibodies" lacks antecedent basis. In claim 14, step (c) of claim 1 is replaced by step (d), and it is in step (c) that bispecific antibodies are set forth.

Claim 23 is indefinite because the phrase "such tumor cells" lacks antecedent basis. This rejection would be obviated if claim 23 were amended to recite:"...in whom tumor cells have reappeared...".

Claim 32 is indefinite because the phrase "said intact heterologous bispecific antibodies" lacks antecedent basis. In claim 32, step (c) of claim 1 is replaced by step (d), and it is in step (c) that bispecific antibodies are set forth.

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Claim 32 is indefinite because the phrase "such tumor cells" lacks antecedent basis. This rejection would be obviated if claim 32 were amended to recite:"...in whom tumor cells have reappeared...".

Claim 35 is indefinite because it appears to be of the same scope as claim 31.

9. Claims 31 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Honsik (U.S. Patent No. 4,844,893; issued July 4, 1989; cited in previous Office actions).

Because claims 14 and 32, from which claims 31 and 35 depend, are indefinite with respect to which bispecific antibodies are used to make the pharmaceutical compositions, the claimed pharmaceutical compositions appear to contain within their scope compositions of activated peripheral blood mononucleated cells that were made using any type of bispecific antibody. Furthermore, claims 31 and 35 are product by process claims that are drawn to compositions comprising "activated peripheral blood mononucleated cells". It is not clear from the specification that the cells resulting from the methods of claim 14 or claim 32 are materially different from "activated peripheral blood mononuclear cells" obtained by any other method.

Honsik teaches methods of activating peripheral blood mononuclear cells comprising mixing mononuclear cells with bispecific antibodies and tumor cells (see column 4, line 55 – column 5, line 55). Therefore, Honsik teaches compositions of activated peripheral blood mononuclear cells that are same as that claimed.

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10. Claims 31 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Renner

(Renner, C., et al, Science 264: 833-835, 1994).

Claims 31 and 35 are product by process claims are drawn to compositions comprising

"activated peripheral blood mononucleated cells". It is not clear from the specification that the

cells resulting from the methods of claim 14 or claim 32 are materially different from "activated

peripheral blood mononuclear cells" obtained by any other method.

Renner teaches activated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (page 833, 3rd column to

page 834, 1st column, and Table 1). Therefore, Renner teaches compositions that are the same as

that claimed.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Office should be directed to Anne Holleran, Ph.D. whose telephone number is (571) 272-0833.

Examiner Holleran can normally be reached Monday through Friday, 9:30 am to 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jeffrey Siew, can be reached at (571) 272-0787.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the Group receptionist at telephone number (703) 571-1600.

Anne L. Holleran

Patent Examiner

December 27, 2004

ALANA M. HARRIS, PH.D.

PRIMARY EXAMINER